



**Second Year B.Sc. Degree Examination, Sept./Oct. 2012**  
**Directorate of Distance Education**  
**MATHEMATICS (Paper – II)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 90

**Note:** Answer **any SIX** full questions of the following choosing  
atleast **ONE** from **each** Part.

## PART – A

1. a) i) Find order and degree of differential equation  $\left[1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2\right]^{3/2} = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ . 2
- ii) Solve  $y = x \cdot \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) + \frac{1}{\frac{dy}{dx}}$ . 2
- b) Solve  $(x^2 + 2y^2) dx - xy \cdot dy = 0$  given that  $y = 0$  when  $x = 1$ . 5
- c) Solve  $x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + (1-x)y = x^2y^2$ . 6
2. a) i) Solve  $P^2 + (y - 2x)P - 2xy = 0$ . 2
- ii) Find General and Singular solution of the equation  $P = \log(Px - y)$ . 2
- b) Solve  $2Px - yP^2 = y$ . 5
- c) Find orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves  $\frac{x^2}{a^2 + \lambda} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \lambda} = 1$ . Where  
' $\lambda$ ' is a parameter. 6

## PART – B

3. a) i) Solve  $(D^3 - 2D^2 + 4D - 8)y = 0$ , where  $D = \frac{d}{dx}$ . 2
- ii) Solve  $(D^2 + 4)y = \sin 2x$ , where  $D = \frac{d}{dx}$ . 2

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- b) Solve  $(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = x^2e^{3x}$ , where  $D = \frac{d}{dx}$ . 5
- c) Solve  $(D^3 + 1)y = 5e^x \cdot x^2$ , where  $D = \frac{d}{dx}$ . 6
4. a) i) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cdot \log x$ . 2
- ii) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x \cdot \cos \frac{1}{x}}{1+x}$ . 2
- b) Expand  $e^{\sin x}$  using Maclaurin's series up to the terms containing  $x^4$ . 5
- c) State and prove Lagrange's mean value theorem. 6

## PART – C

5. a) i) Show that in a group  $G$ ,  $(ab)^{-1} = b^{-1} \cdot a^{-1}$ . 2
- ii) Find the generators of a multiplicative group  $\{1, -1, i, -i\}$ . 2
- b) If 'a' is a generator of a cyclic group 'G', then prove that  $O(a) = O(G)$ . 5
- c) If 'G' is any finite group, and H is any subgroup of G, then prove that  $O(H)$  divides  $O(G)$ . 6
6. a) i) Solve  $2x - 3 < 5x + 3 < 2x + 3$ . 2
- ii) Show that for any two real numbers x and y 2
- $$|x + y| \leq |x| + |y|$$
- b) Find the order of the permutation and also find whether it is odd or even. 5
- $$\theta = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c & d & e & f & g & h & i \\ b & c & d & a & f & g & e & i & h \end{pmatrix}$$
- c) Find the envelop of family of circles  $x^2 + y^2 - 2ax \cos \alpha - 2ay \sin \alpha = c^2$ .  
Where 'α' is a parameter. 6



PART – D

7. a) i) Find the limit of the sequence  $\frac{6n-7}{5n+4}$ . **2**

ii) Prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2 + 8 \sin(\frac{\pi}{n})}{n^2} = 2$ . **2**

b) If the sequence  $\{X_n\}$  converges to 'l' and  $\{y_n\}$  converges to 'm', then show that  $\{x_n \times y_n\}$  converges to  $l \times m$ . **5**

c) Show that the limit of a convergent sequence is unique. **6**

8. a) i) Show that  $\sum \frac{n^3}{3^n}$  series is convergent. **2**

ii) Discuss the convergent of the series  $1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} + \dots$  **2**

b) State and prove Raabe's test. **5**

c) Find the sum to infinity of the following series : **6**

$$1 + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{2.5}{6.12} + \frac{2.5.8}{6.12.18} + \dots$$